A. micranthum; caule brevi, foliis oblongis trinerviis apice obliquis, spicis secundis multifloris horizontalibus congestis foliis brevioribus, sepalis petalisque subæqualibus angustè ovatis apice patulis, labello conformi basi bilobo bidentato medio pubescente, calcare obtuso incurvo postico.

Caulis 2-pollicaris. Folia $1\frac{1}{2}$ -p. longa, $1\frac{1}{2}$ -p. lata, plana, crassa. Flores minuti, albi.

A very small and unattractive species, lately introduced by Messrs. Loddiges from Sierra Leone. It is quite distinct from any previously described, but retains the peculiar characters of the genus without deviation. It flowered in February.

It is curious that Angræcum should be so exclusively an African genus, that no certain species has yet been found beyond its continent or immediately dependent islands, although it evidently stretches across the whole of the tropical part of Africa itself. In addition to this from Sierra Leone, three or four other species are now in our gardens from the same place, but all of them equally inconspicuous with the present. Of these *A. clandestinum, teretifolium* and *distichum* have already flowered with Messrs. Loddiges. Fig. 1. represents a lip with the spur attached; 2. an entire flower; and 3, a pair of pollen masses with their gland.

^{*} Scc folio 1522.